Mineral Treasure Hunt

On the internet, go to http://www.minerals.net/minerals/a.aspx . This is an on-line mineral encyclopedia. Click on the name of each mineral to learn about it. You can also check out the Mineral Information Institute web site — http://www.mineralseducationcoalition.org/minerals .

Look up the minerals below, and match the uses with the appropriate minerals.

	Apatite	A. Abrasive — this hard mineral makes a good abrasive.			
	Asbestos	B. Construction — sheet rock (wallboard) is made of this mineral, which is also used to make plaster of paris.			
	Barite	C. Construction — this mineral is used to make cement.			
	Beryl	D. Cosmetics and personal products, such as baby powder, use this mineral.			
	Borax	E. Electronics — this mineral is used to make electronic oscillators for watches, radios, etc. It is also a source for the silicon in computer chips.			
	Calcite	F. Explosives — this mineral is used to make black powder (and rubber, which is used to make tires).			
	Chalcopyrite	G. Fertilizer — this mineral is the main source for phosphorous.			
	Colore	H. Filters — this mineral makes good filters, and is used in such diverse things as cat litter and nuclear power plants. It's also used in water softeners.			
	Galena Graphite	I. Food — this mineral is an essential "mineral" in our diet, and is also used to flavor food.			
	Gypsum	J. Heat and fire resistant materials, including roofing and vehicle brake pads.			
	Halite	K. Industrial chemical — this mineral has dozens of uses in detergents, ceramics, glass, paper and welding flux.			
	Ice	L. Industrial chemical — this mineral is used in the manufacture of glass and ceramics.			
	Orthoclase feldspar	M. Jewelry — this mineral is also known as the gemstones emerald & aquamarine.			
		N. Medicine — this mineral is used to make x-rays of the digestive system.			
	Pyrite	O. Ore — this mineral is an ore of copper.			
	Quartz	P. Ore — this mineral is an ore of lead.			
	Sulfur	Q. Ore — this mineral is an ore of zirconium, hafnium and thorium.			
	Talc	R. Pencils — this mineral is the "lead" in pencils, and it also makes a good lubricant.			
	Zeolites	S. Tricks — since this mineral has a gold color, foolish people can be tricked into thinking it's really gold!			
	Zircon	T. Useless — the natural mineral doesn't have any use, but artificial varieties of this mineral keep our beverages cold.			

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Now that you're an expert on minerals, lets focus on one specific use — what minerals are needed to make your cell phone? Google "minerals in your mobile device" to help you with this (look for the USGS web page).

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Where are these minerals mined? Look at https://pubs.usgs.gov/gip/0167/gip167.pdf.

What two countries are leading sources of **industrial sand**?

What three countries are leading sources of **silver**?

Some countries are leading sources for more than one mineral. What country has more mineral resources than any other?

That's the end! I hope you enjoyed learning about mineral uses.